3.6 Sum Property Of Limits

The sum of two separate limits of two separate functions f(x) and g(x) is the same as the limit of both functions added together.

$$\lim_{x \to a} f(x) + \lim_{x \to a} g(x) = \lim_{x \to a} \left[f(x) + g(x) \right]$$

EXAMPLE: Show that: $\lim_{x \to 5} (x+5) + \lim_{x \to 5} x^2 = \lim_{x \to 5} [(x+5) + (x^2)].$

$$\lim_{x \to 5} (x+5) + \lim_{x \to 5} x^2 = \lim_{x \to 5} \left[(x+5) + (x^2) \right]$$

(5) + 5 + (5)² = $\lim_{x \to 5} \left[x^2 + x + 5 \right]$
10 + 25 = (5)² + (5) + 5
35 = 35

3.7 Product Property Of Limits

The product of two separate limits of two functions f(x) and g(x) is the same as the limit of both functions multiplied together.

$$\left(\lim_{x \to a} f(x)\right) \left(\lim_{x \to a} g(x)\right) = \lim_{x \to a} \left[f(x).g(x)\right]$$

EXAMPLE: Show that: $\lim_{x \to 5} (x+5) \times \lim_{x \to 5} x^2 = \lim_{x \to 5} [(x+5)(x^2)].$

 $\lim_{x \to 5} (x+5) \times \lim_{x \to 5} x^2 = \lim_{x \to 5} \left[(x+5)(x^2) \right]$ (5)+5 × (5)² = $\lim_{x \to 5} \left[x^3 + 5x^2 \right]$ 10 × 25 = (5)³ + 5(5)² 250 = 125 + 5(25) 250 = 125 + 125 250 = 250

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